

# Northwest Argentina

With Naturalist Journeys & Caligo Ventures



October 8 – 20, 2017  
With Iguazu Falls Extension

October 20 – 23

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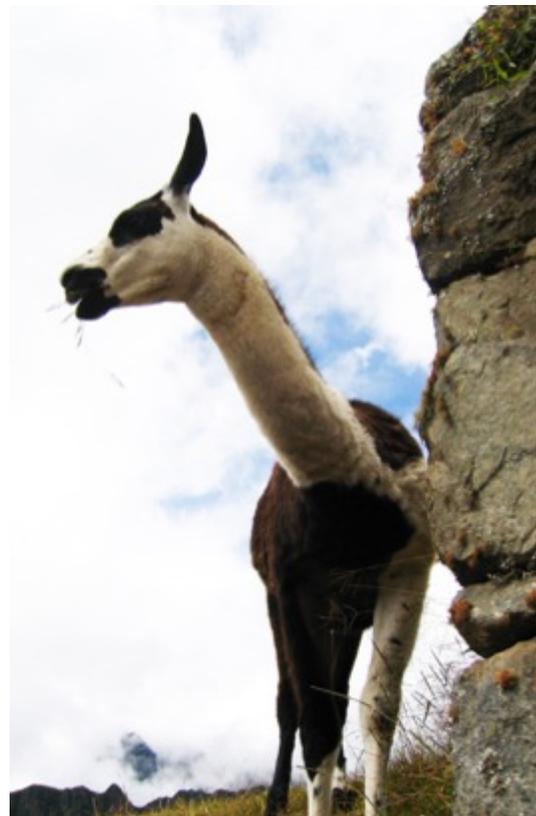
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## With Naturalist Journeys & Caligo Ventures



Join us on a custom-designed tour for Naturalist Journeys, focused on exploring an extraordinarily rich corner of the Andes in northwest Argentina. This region contains a splendid variety of exquisite (and sometimes bizarre) landscapes and a good variety of habitats. Explore the humid forests of the legendary yungas, cactus deserts, and the Puna high plateau. This new tour offers a great combination of birding, geology, and the experience of rural Andean culture, past and present.

The yungas forests of Reserva del Huaico and Abra Santa Laura hold tropical splendors like guans, trogons, parrots, and antpittas, while the high deserts contain a large variety of specialist ovenbirds like horneros, earthcreepers, miners, and canasteros. The altiplano, or high plain, hold lakes that are home to three species of flamingos and hosts of other water birds, including the world's rarest coot. Finally, the puna has its own endemic rhea, teal, ibis, flamingo, plover, snipe, and miner — wow!

Find many truly spectacular species like rheas, condors, Torrent Duck, and a great assortment of hummingbirds, as well as many possible local rarities such as Golden-collared Macaw, Sandy Gallito, and Rufous-throated Dipper. Even if you have birded Argentina or elsewhere in the Andes before, you are sure to add many new species to your life list on this trip.

For those that appreciate landscapes, this is a fantastic chance to understand the geology of the young and vibrant Andes.

### Tour Highlights

- Bird the Calchaqui Valley with towering red mountains, witnessing rock formations like the Devil's Throat, the Amphitheater, the Frog, and the Three Monks
- Search for Sparkling Violetear and Andean Hillstar right from your hotel before a short hike to the Colorado River waterfall

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- Search for the endemic Sandy Gallito and White-throated Cacholote, as well as Ringed Warbling-Finch, Many-colored Chaco-Finch, Ultramarine Grosbeak, and Blue-and-Yellow Tanager
- Spend time in the Spanish colonial-style town of Cachi, where we tour the Church of Cachi, a National Historical Monument
- Bird Chaco Lagoons for rare Comb Duck, beautiful Ringed Teal, the nest-parasitic Black-headed Duck, and even the scarce Red-legged Seriema
- Explore the Puna habitat for Black-chested Buzzard Eagle, White-tailed Kite, White-tailed Hawk, Long-winged and Cinereus Harrier, Mountain Caracara, Aplomado Falcon, and Puna Red-backed Hawk, as well as Vicuña
- Walk and bird the Pucara de Tilcara archeological site
- Search for the stunning Lyre-tailed Nightjar on a night walk
- Opt to join us on an Iguazu Falls post-tour extension — highly recommended!

### Tour Summary

13-Day / 12-Night Argentinian Birding & Nature Tour

\$4665 plus in-country flights, from Buenos Aires

Airport is Ministro Pistarini International (EZE)

### Itinerary

#### Sun., Oct. 8 Depart the USA

Flights to Argentina are typically overnight; we list this day so you are sure to book in time to reach Buenos Aires by Monday, October 9. You may want to come in early to explore this fascinating city; we are happy to make some recommendations!

#### Mon., Oct. 9 Arrive in Buenos Aires / Birding Costanera Sur Reserve

The afternoon we explore Costanera Sur Nature Reserve where we find many species of the “pampas” of Argentina, a region not visited on other parts of our tour. Examples include Rufous Hornero, Guira Cuckoo, Rufous-bellied Thrush, Masked Gnatcatcher, Black and Rufous Warbling Finch, and water birds like Red-gartered Coot, Coscoroba and Black-necked Swans, Rosy-billed Pochard, Rufescent Tiger-Heron, and Plumbeous Rail, just to name a few.



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We enjoy dinner at a local restaurant where we have the chance to get to know each other.

*Accommodations in Buenos Aires at a well located 4-Star Hotel (D)*

### **Tues., Oct. 10** **Flight to Salta / Calchaqui Valley /** **Wine Country of Cafayate**

Today we fly as a group to Salta in Northwestern Argentina. Upon arrival, we meet our in-country tour leader and drive through the Calchaqui Valley with its tall red walls on the East and the valley to the West. We stop at different rock formations with names like the Devil's Throat, the Amphitheater, the Frog, and the Three Monks, as we bird our way to Cafayate. It is here that some of Argentina's finest wines are produced. The climate here is dry and temperate, ideal for growing the "Torrantes" variety of grapes, unique to Argentina, with a distinct aroma and fruity flavor.

We travel south, slowly emerging into a transitional area of dry Chaco Serrano and Monte semi-desert. We follow the ancient Camino Real road, passing by small and pretty villages including Cerrillos, La Merced, Coronel Moldes, and La Viña. All along this scenic drive we make opportunistic stops for birds like Savannah Hawk, Darwin's Nothura, and Chaco Earthcreeper. Even the elusive Black-legged Seriema is a possibility to find today.

We stop in Alemania, one of the picturesque villages of the valley, situated at the entrance to Las Conchas Canyon. Here we enjoy the landscape and perhaps a few Andean Condor soaring above. We keep exploring this attractive geological formation while we look for Burrowing Parrot and the recently described endemic, the Monte Yellow-Finch.

The history of wine in Salta province, northwestern



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Argentina, goes back to early colonial times when the first vines were brought by the Jesuits from the Canary Islands in the mid-seventeenth century.

Today, the vineyards stretch in the provinces of Salta and Tucuman for over 3,500 hectares, in the departments of Cafayate, San Carlos, Angastaco, Cachi, Molinos, and Tafi. In Cafayate the strain of Torrontes matures, producing a white wine with an intense aroma and fruity flavor. This variety, brought from Spain, has achieved a unique expression in Salta soil, becoming the flagship white grape of Argentina. However in recent years, the enormous development of viticulture added other strains including Malbec, Cabernet Franc, Cabernet Sauvignon, Tannat, Bonarda, Syrah, Barbera, and Tempranillo.

We have fun and sample local foods and wines after our day afield. Our hotel for the next two nights is surrounded by vineyards at the foot of the impressive San Isidro Hill.

*Accommodations at the Viñas de Cafayate (B,D)*



### Wed., Oct. 11 Cafayate Birding & Wine Tasting

Today the early risers can start the day by birding the hotel grounds for hummingbirds like Sparkling Violetear and Andean Hillstar on the flowering false tobacco trees. We then spend much of the day birding, looking for any birds we may have missed on arrival in Salta. We also enjoy a wine tasting at a local winery and some short hikes, including one to the Colorado River Waterfall where we take in the spectacular scenery. See some of Argentina's more common bird species such as Rufous-collared Sparrow, Andean Lapwing, Chimango Caracara, and the signature Rufous Hornero, which builds a six-pound mud nest each year that includes a dividing internal wall.

Our hotel maintains an organic garden to supply the kitchen with fresh vegetables. The cuisine is regional, ranging from the famous Salta empanadas as appetizers to Argentine meat grilled to perfection. The hotel also has bikes available if anyone desires to venture to the nearby town.

*Accommodations at the Viñas de Cafayate. (B,L,D)*

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### Thurs., Oct. 12 Colorful Landscapes / Quebrada de las Flechas / Calchaqui Valley / La Paya

Today as we drive along Route 40 to La Paya, we cross the colorful Quebrada de las Flechas. We enjoy exploring, birding, geology, and a picnic lunch. Route 40 is the longest route in Argentina and one of the longest in the world, more than 3,100 miles long. At its traditional southern end near the city of Río Gallegos it starts at sea level, crossing 20 national parks, 18 major rivers, 27 passes on the Andes, and goes up to 16,404 feet above sea level — wow!

We drive some of the narrowest sections of this mystic route, with stone walls on its sides in sections. The landscape is dotted with farms where people still plow the land by hand, sometimes with the help of a burro or horse. Farmers here grow chili peppers, which are spread out to dry in the same fields. Other crops include corn and small, colorful Andean potatoes, as well as aromatic herbs that are sold in the streets of small adobe towns such as San Carlos, Molinos, Seclantas, and Cachi.

Those that wish can join an early start for a few hours birding in the surrounding Monte habitat at Cafayate, where we look for the endemic Sandy Gallito and White-throated Cacholote. A long list of other sightings include Ringed Warbling-Finch, Many-colored Chaco-Finch, Ultramarine Grosbeak, Blue-and-Yellow Tanager, Cliff Flycatcher, and many others.

A relaxing element of this trip is a chance to observe the local rural lifestyle, from architecture to foods and day-to-day life.



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We proceed north along the famous Route 40 where impressive geological formations painted by diverse minerals on wind-carved slopes explain why this area is a Mecca for nature photographers. We look out for Andean Condor soaring high above, but our stops along the canyon should also produce Red-tailed Comet, Harris's Hawk, and White-fronted (Cactus) Woodpecker.



We spend the full day in this area enjoying the solitude, grandeur, and intensely clear atmosphere of the Calchaqui River Valley. This mostly dirt winding road passes by beautiful villages such as San Carlos, Angastaco, and Molinos, where flowering tobacco bushes attract Sparkling Violetear and Andean Hillstar. Later this afternoon we reach La Paya Ranch, where we stay for two nights.

Our lodgings tonight are special. La Paya only has eight rooms and it is a working farm with a very small family-run winery.

*Accommodations at La Paya (B,L,D)*

### **Fri., Oct. 13 Chicoana / La Paya Birding / Local Weavers**



We venture out in the early morning in the Monte forest and pre-Puna habitats surrounding Cachi with excellent views of the Calchaqui Valley and the imposing snow-capped Cachi Mountain. We should see large flocks of Burrowing Parrot near the fields and pairs of White-fronted Woodpecker atop cacti. The long list of possible bird sightings today includes Elegant Crested-Tinamou, Cliff Flycatcher, Checkered Woodpecker, Harris's Hawk, Long-tailed Meadowlark, White-browed Blackbird, and Spectacled Tyrant. We plan to stop at several good spots to try for the endemics White-throated Cacholote and Sandy Gallito if we missed them yesterday.



Later in the morning we visit the Seclantas Road, where artisans still weave ponchos in the old-fashioned way on wooden looms. Several generations of men all weave

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high-quality llama wool ponchos, shawls, and bags that are used to carry belongings on llamas or burros.

This afternoon we return to our lodgings and offer a visit to the nearby artisan La Paya vineyard and winery.

Today's meals include a picnic and delicious homemade dinner at La Paya.

*Accommodations at La Paya (B,L,D)*

### **Sat., Oct. 14 Colonial Cachi / Los Cardones National Park**

After a homemade breakfast we drive only about five miles to reach Cachi. The architecture of this small city is principally Spanish Colonial style with adobe homes painted white and built over rock bases, sporting antique forged-iron window grills. In the Central Plaza is the Church of Cachi, a recognized National Historical Monument, built in the sixteenth century with an exterior from the nineteenth century. Its beams, altars, and confession booths are all carved from the porous wood of the cardon cactus. After taking a peek, we continue on to more fantastic birding and scenery.

The road we travel crosses Los Cardones National Park, where we drive along parts of the ancient Inca Road with views of spectacular cactus-clad slopes and towering peaks that rise to more than 16,000 feet. The park preserves a small section of Prepuna and more extensive El Monte habitats. The vegetated gullies support Yellow-billed Tit-Tyrant, White-winged Black-Tyrant, Black and Hooded Siskins, Rusty Flower-piercer, and the scarce Rufous-bellied Saltator. Flowering tobacco bushes attract the amazing Red-tailed Comet while Andean Tinamou can be spotted in the drier slopes.

We enjoy a picnic lunch and then continue on. Andean Condor soar over the ridges or just below us along deep valleys. Herds of Guanaco gallop across the Puna grassland; other mammals we may



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encounter are Andean Red Fox and Mountain Viscacha. We reach the Bishop's Cordillera at over 11,000 feet where Variable Hawk, Aplomado Falcon, Andean Lapwing, Andean Flicker, and Rock Earthcreeper are possible.

The Selva Montana, where our lodge for the next two nights is located, averages 50 inches of rain per year (and up to 118 inches!). Mist swathes the forests and wreathes the cliffs most of the day during the summer and autumn. Evergreen trees such as *orco molle* are prevalent. This local giant can reach 130 feet! We should find a native walnut and the colossus laurel with trunks over six feet in diameter and luxuriant branches. This humid forest is festooned with epiphytes, including mosses, ferns, bromeliads, cactus, orchids, and begonias covering each trunk and branch, which also hang with lianas, vines, and others climbing plants. Under the tall trees there is a stratum of low trees, 15 to 30 feet high, and a dense understory of shrubs and grasses.

Many flowers inside this forest are pollinated by birds, hummingbirds being the specialists. We watch for Slender-tailed Woodstar, Planalto Hermit, Sparkling Violetear, Green Violetear and White-vented Violetear, White-sided Hillstar, Fork-tailed Woodnymph, White-bellied and Speckled Hummingbirds, Blue-capped Puffleg, Red-tailed Comet, Glittering-bellied Emerald, and Gilded Sapphire.

Enjoy cozy surroundings and dinner tonight at our lodgings.  
*Accommodations at Hostal Selva Montana (B,L,D)*

### Sun., Oct. 15

#### Birding Huaico Reserve y Chaco Lagoons

Early in the morning we explore the forest in Huaico Reserve, which protects a unique stand of Yungas cloud forest that carpets the San Lorenzo mountain ridge. The plant life here is something to behold! Here we walk the trails in search of the stunning Cream-backed Woodpecker, the localized Golden-olive Woodpecker, and the minute Ocellated Piculet; we should also encounter noisy flocks of Mitred Parakeet and Scaly-headed Parrot, too.

Hummingbirds may include White-bellied Hummingbird, Red-tailed Comet, and Slender-tailed Woodstar. The list of passerines is



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extensive, and some of the highlights we hope to see are the beautiful Fawn-breasted Tanager, White-winged Becard, Brown-capped Redstart, Stripe-crowned and Azaras Spinetails, Buff-browed Foliage-gleaner, a fine collection of tyrannulets including Rough-legged, Mottle-cheeked, White-throated, and Sclaters, as well as Pale-legged Warbler, Mountain Wren, and Fulvous-headed and Stripe-headed Brush-Finches.

After a picnic lunch, we devote the afternoon to birding a couple of lagoons where an amazing abundance of wildfowl can be seen, including the rare Comb Duck, the beautiful Ringed Teal, the nest-parasitic Black-headed Duck, and a number of colorful passerines. Even the scarce Red-legged Seriema is a possibility.

We end the day visiting the MAAM (Museo de Arqueología de Alta Montaña) Archaeological Museum of Salta, where three perfectly preserved mummies of Inca children, found on a high volcano near Salina Grande, are alternatively on display. Many fine textiles found as funerary attire, dolls, and other belongings are also on display.

*Accommodations at Hostal Selva Montana (B,L,D)*



**Mon., Oct. 16**

### **Purmamarca / Birding Santa Laura Pass / Specialty Yungas Birds**

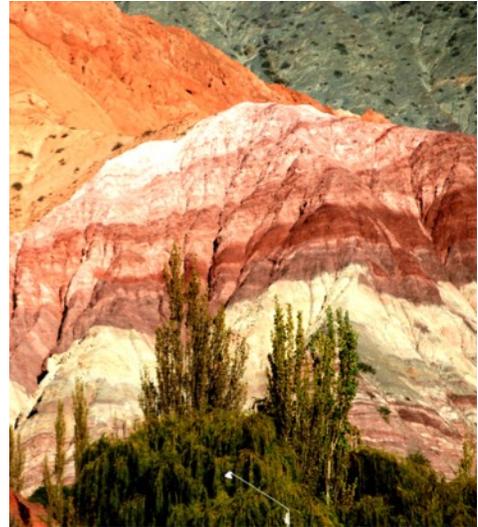
We continue north today to enter the Quebrada de Humahuaca, which follows the line of a major cultural route, the Camino Inca, along the spectacular valley of the Rio Grande, a major river from its source in the cold high desert plateau of the High Andes to its confluence with the Rio Leon some 93 miles to the south.

The valley shows substantial evidence of its use as a major trade route over the past 10,000 years. It features visible traces of prehistoric hunter-gatherer communities of the Inca Empire (15th to 16th Centuries) and of the fight for independence in the 19th and 20th Centuries. We enjoy a picnic lunch, birding, and exploring.

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This colorful ravine was recently declared a World Heritage Site and its bright earth tones are found not only in the rocks and “pachamama” (mother earth), but also in the clothes and wonderful handicrafts of the inhabitants. Small adobe villages that hang from the mountain slopes, and the Quechua Indians walking the streets in multilayered skirts tending goats or llamas, add an immeasurable cultural aspect of this tour.



We detour along the Yala River for our best chance of finding the scarce Rufous-throated Dipper bobbing on rocks amid the fast-flowing roadside river and to watch Torrent Duck diving through the maelstroms in their unique fashion. We devote some time to finding these two birds, but this protected site also holds other specialties such as Spot-breasted Thornbird, Streak-throated Bush-Tyrant, Rothschild’s Swift, and Rust-and-Yellow Tanager.

*Accommodations at a Hosteria in Purmamarca (B,L,D)*

### Tues., Oct. 17 Salina Grande / The Puna

After climbing the steep Cuesta de Lipan, we reach the Puna habitat — this is the top of the world and a great place to look for raptors. On the rocks and shrubs there are many species of rodents and reptiles, which are hunted by Black-chested Buzzard Eagle, White-tailed Kite, White-tailed and Harris's Hawks, and Long-winged and Cinereus Harrier. Mountain Caracara prefer to walk as they look for meals; meanwhile American Kestrel, Aplomado Falcon, Puna Red-backed Hawk, and Peregrine Falcon hunt in the air above us.



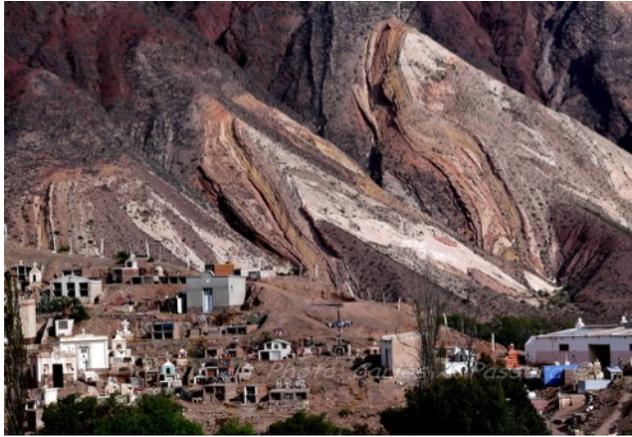
In this arid land, many birds prefer to live in caves, including Andean, White-sided Hillstars, Giant Hummingbird, and the intriguing Red-tailed Comet, which makes its nest with mosses, lichens, and feathers hanging in roots in rock caves. Andean Flicker prefers to make its nest in ravines, while Burrowing Owl nest wherever they find a crevice. Vicuña, iconic grazers of the high Andes, are seen today. You also have the chance to see how local people work to extract salt at Salinas Grande; this is seasonal work for six months of the year.

*Accommodations at a Hosteria in Purmamarca (B,L,D)*



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### Wed., Oct. 18

#### Quebrada de Humahuaca / Birding Archaeological Ruins / Andean Culture

Today we visit other towns of the Humahuaca Ravine, a World Heritage Site, with restored archeological sites such as the Pucara de Tilcara Fortress and the nearby botanical garden, which exhibits local cactuses, native plants, and agricultural products grown in the ravine, like quinoa and kiwicha.



The Pucara de Tilcara archeological site perches on a hill overlooking the Rio Grande. Blending nature and history, we look for Brown-backed Mockingbird, Black-hooded Sierra Finch, Rusty-vented Canastero, and Band-tailed Seedeater as we walk the ruins.

Further along the ravine we reach the town of Uquía, admiring their beautiful church from the 17<sup>th</sup> Century. Enjoy hearing locals play Andean music, see the animals and vegetables these people farm, and witness their colorful cemeteries perched atop nearby hills. Relax this evening at a simple inn in Abrapampa.

*Accommodations at Abra Pampa (B,L,D)*



### Thurs., Oct. 19

#### Huancar Lagoon / Local Market

Our early morning today is devoted to visiting the Huancar Lagoon where we might see Giant Coot, Puna Silvery Grebe, Wilson's Phalarope, Puna Teal, Andean Avocet, and three species of flamingoes amongst many other Andean specialties.

Later on, we return to Abra Pampa for a brief visit to the local market. This is a wonderful (and colorful) chance to experience local culture.



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We then continue on to the city of Jujuy to the Hosteria Pura Vida, the only place where, with much luck, we may spot the beautiful Lyre-tailed Nightjar after dark.

*Accommodations at Hosteria Pura Vida (B,L,D)*

**Fri., Oct. 20**

### **Flights from Jujuy / Buenos Aires / Departures or Iguazu Falls Extension**

Those who are not staying on for the Iguazu Fall extension catch flights to Buenos Aires today to connect to their international flights (three or four flights per day). While some must return to the USA, those opting for the extension travel on to one of the most beautiful places in the world, Iguazu Falls, flying directly from Salta. We highly recommend this three-night extension to Iguazu Falls!

### Iguazu Falls Extension



**Fri., Oct. 20 Salta / Flight to Iguazu Falls / Hummingbirds**

Depending on our flight time, we enjoy some time to explore the city or just relax in Salta before flying to Iguazu. There, local guides meet us at the airport. We may even get our first glimpse of the falls from the plane! We also see extensive forests that beckon us to explore. This afternoon we visit a private hummingbird garden, where at feeders we get close-up views of up to seven different species of wild hummingbirds, including Black Jacobin, Planalto Hermit, Violet-capped Woodnymph, and more.

*Accommodations for three nights at YvY Hotel de Selva, Iguazu (B)*

**Sat., Oct. 21 Birding & Viewpoints of Iguazu Falls**

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We spend the morning visiting the best birding areas in the park, in search of typical Atlantic Forest species, such as Surucua Trogon, Rufous-capped Motmot, Creamy-bellied Gnatcatcher, White-eyed Foliage-gleaner, Robust Woodpecker, and Spot-backed Antshrike, amongst many others. Enjoy a picnic lunch with a view of the falls, then explore in detail the Argentinean side of Iguazu Falls, an international treasure shared with Brazil. We drive, stopping at various viewpoints, ultimately reaching the most spectacular expanse of the falls: the Devil's Throat. We reach this area by walking along a footbridge across the delta of the Iguazu River and along the waterfalls.

During the walk, it is possible to spot White-winged Swallow flying over the river, Yellow-billed Cardinal singing from the reeds, wild Muscovy Duck, Anhinga, kingfishers, herons ... and from the balcony at the Devil's Throat you can watch hundreds of Great Dusky Swift doing their acrobatic flight through the curtains of the falls to roost on the rocks behind the water. We walk both the upper and lower trails to immerse ourselves in this wonder. (B)

### Sun., Oct. 22

#### Birding at Iguazu Falls

This area brings us a chance to experience the forests and birds of the Atlantic region, shared with Brazil and home to many spectacular species such as Magpie Tanager. There are many sites to visit, and we explore more of the national park, including the 101 Road, in search of many species like Tufted Antshrike, the minute Ochre-collared Piculet, Southern Antpitt, Chestnut-bellied Euphonia, Green-headed Tanager, and others. We can return to



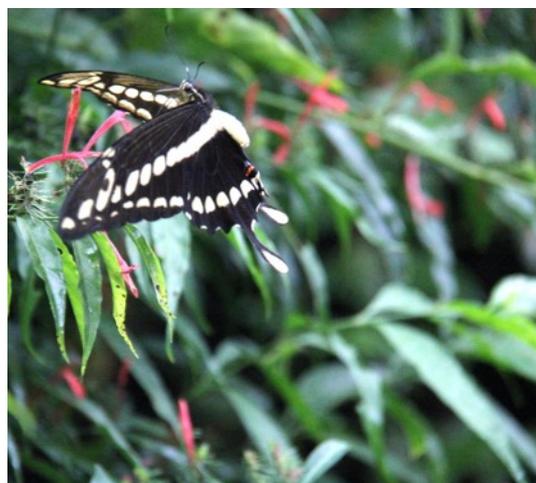
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our hotel for a break, and go back as activity increases in the afternoon. Photographers may want more time just to be fascinated by the falls! (B)

### Mon., Oct. 23 Departures

Today we transfer from our hotel to the local airport in time to fly to Buenos Aires and connect with international flights home. Once we know your international flight times, we book a flight from Iguazu to the international airport directly, so you do not have to do the cross-city transfer from the domestic airport to the International. If we get the direct flight, you just walk over to an adjacent terminal. (B)



### Cost of the Journey

#### Plan Ahead!

Protect yourself with Allianz Travel Insurance. Offset your carbon footprint on one of the many online programs. Show us the receipt and we'll take 50% — up to \$50.00 — of your carbon offset fee off your final payment!

#### Cost of the Journey

The cost per person of the 13-day main tour is \$4665 DBL / \$5298 SGL, plus the cost of in-country flights (estimated \$600) from Buenos Aires. Tour price includes 12 nights' accommodations, all meals as noted in the itinerary, airport transfers, transportation during the journey, professional guide services, park and other entrance fees, and miscellaneous program expenses. Tour cost does not include airfare to and from Buenos Aires, flights within Argentina (Buenos Aires to Salta, and then Salta return to Buenos Aires or Salta, Iquazu, Buenos Aires if on extension), personal expenses such as laundry, telephone, drinks from the bar, and gratuities for luggage handling or other services.

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Cost per person of the Iguazu Falls extension is \$1160 DBL / \$1250 SGL. Breakfast is included with our hotel, while other meals are at your leisure, available at the hotel, or nearby hotels in the reserve and national park. This cost is based on a group of four persons, with fewer it is still possible but will be at additional cost. With a group of 8 or more, receive a \$100 pp rebate.

### Travel Information

Airport is Ministro Pistarini International Airport (EZE) in Buenos Aires, Argentina. Please plan to arrive on October 9 by 10:00 AM — this means you should depart the USA on October 8. Please plan your departure flights after 9:00 PM on October 20. If you plan to stay on for the Iguazu Falls Extension, please plan your flights out after 9:00 PM on October 23. We can recommend a travel agent if you need help planning flights. Guide Peg Abbott will also share her flight information if you wish to join her.

### Photo Credits

Purmamarca Seven Color Hills, Carol Passera of Causana Viajes (CV); Rufous Hornero Pair at Nest, Peg Abbott (PA); Flamingo Feeding, Greg Smith (GS); Llama, courtesy Causana Viajes (CV); Aplomado Falcon (CP); Ringed Kingfisher, Don Cooper (DC); Rufescent Tiger Heron (GS); Guira Cuckoo, Bud Ferguson (BF); Cafayate Wine Resort, courtesy of the resort's website; Sparkling Violetear, PA; Andean Condor, Howard Topoff (HT); Cardones-Paya, CV; Children on horseback, PA; Cliff Flycatcher, PA; Finca la Playa, courtesy pacarama.com; Traveler with Llama, Naturalist Journeys Stock (NJS); Hooded Siskin, BF; Puna Tinamou, CV; Llama, HT; Parque Nacional Los Cardones, CV; Bromeliades and Epiphytes, Lynn Tennefoss; Red-legged Seriema, PA; Los Colorados Trail around Purmamarca, CV; Seven Color Hills, CV; Harris's Hawk GS; Vicuña Crossing Road, CV; Cemetery near Painter's Pallette, CV; Giant Coot Pair on Nest, CP; Puna Teal, CV; Market 1, NJS; Market 2, CV; Iguazu Falls, BF; Green-headed Tanager, PA; Toco Toucan, DC; Magpie Tanager, PA; Plush-crested Jay, BF; Iguazu Falls, CV; Butterfly at Iguazu Falls, CV ; Whistling Heron, PA; Llamas near Abrapampa, CV.

